





ARPA Information

June 2022

What We'll Cover:

- Background
- Vermont's Share
- Final Rule Basics
- Spending
- The "Standard Allowance"
- Planning Framework
- ARPA In Vermont
- VLCT and RPCs



AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN ACT 2021

- American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) \$1.9 trillion stimulus package signed into law March 11, 2021
- Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds ("CSLFRF" or "ARPA")- \$350 billion for eligible state, local, territorial and Tribal governments
- Purpose To support governments in their response to and recovery from the COVID-19 public health emergency
- U.S. Department of the Treasury ("Treasury") will distribute the funding
- Final Rule, issued by Treasury on January 6, 2022 (replaces the "interim final rule") lays out the requirements of CSLFRF/ARPA funding



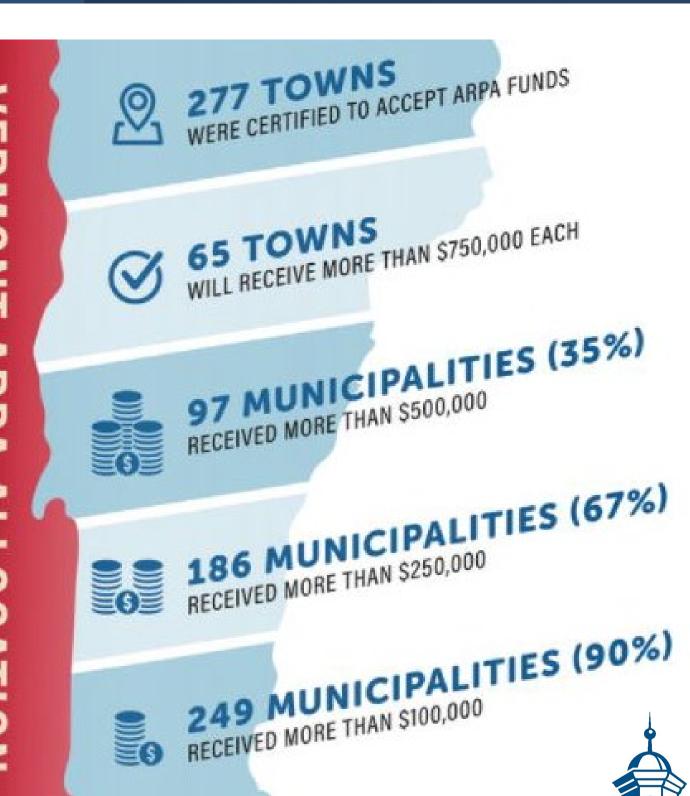
American Rescue Plan Act

ARPA - Vermont's Share

Local ARPA Funds:	
Metro Cities	\$20,721,902
Non-Entitlement Units of Government (NEUs)	\$58,788,245
Counties*	\$121,202,550
TOTAL Local ARPA Funds:	\$200,712,697
State of Vermont**	\$1,049,287,303
TOTAL VERMONT ARPA:	\$1,250,000,000

* County money has been reallocated to municipalities. Payments (local and county) can be found by clicking **HERE**.

** Only half the State money has been allocated. The remaining half will be allocated during the 2022 legislative session.





Issued January 6th, it took effect April 1, 2022, and replaces the Interim Final Rule, which has been in effect since May 17, 2021



The award period of performance ends December 31, 2026; all funds must be expended by this date

The Final Rule General Information



The <u>*Recipient*</u> is the *ultimate arbiter* of how funds will be spent; there is no higher authority or approval process



All municipalities will be required to report on their spending *directly to Treasury* using an online portal





All municipalities, excluding Burlington, have an annual reporting schedule, due by April 30th each year, 2022-2027

What You CAN NOT Spend \$ On Changes Between the Interim Final Rule and the Final Rule

You still cannot "*directly*" fund:

- **X** "Extraordinary" deposits into pension funds
- X Contributions to rainy day funds, reserve funds, or satisfaction of a settlement or judgement
- X Outstanding Debt service

But now you can fund this:

- Non-Federal Match is now allowed, explicitly for IIJA/BIL programs, but also generally as it is included under Section G., page 368 of the final rule, up to the amount of the recipient's reduction in revenue; there is a new **Expenditure Category** for it – 6.2 Non-Federal Match for **Other Federal Programs.**



this change? Because it allows towns to stretch their local ARPA awards!)



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

Appendix 1: Expenditure Categories

Treasury's final rule provides greater flexibility and simplicity for recipients to fight the pandemic and support families and businesses struggling with its impacts, maintain vital services amid revenue

shortfalls, and build a strong, resilient, and equitable broader set of eligible uses and associated Expenditure Expenditure Category Project and Expenditure Report. The table below incluas a reference to previous Expenditure Categories use Household Assistance: Internet Access Programs*^

The Expenditure Categories (EC) listed below must b Part 2 above. The term "Expenditure Category" refe Vaccination). When referred to as a category (e.g., EC that level.

triat ievei.	Line and a second part of the second se			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
*Denotes areas where recipients must identify the ar	Unemployment Benefits or Cash Assistance to Unemployed Workers Assistance to Unemployed or Underemployed Workers (e.g. job train	Europediture Cotogon	EC ²⁷	Previous
evidence-based interventions (see Use of Evidence se	subsidized employment, employment supports or incentives)*^	Expenditure Category	EC-	EC ²⁸
	Healthy Childhood Environments: Child Care*^	3: Public Health-Negative Economic Impact: Public Sector Capacity		
Denotes areas where recipients must report c	Healthy Childhood Environments: Home Visiting^	General Provisions		
disproportionately impacted communities (see Projec	Healthy Childhood Environments: Services to Foster Youth or Familie	Public Sector Workforce: Payroll and Benefits for Public Health, Public		
details)	Involved in Child Welfare System*^	Safety, or Human Services Workers	3.1	1.9
	Healthy Childhood Environments: Early Learning*^	Public Sector Workforce: Rehiring Public Sector Staff	3.2	2.14
Expenditure Category	Long-term Housing Security: Affordable Housing*^	Public Sector Workforce: Other	3.3	
	Long-term Housing Security: Services for Unhoused Persons*^	Public Sector Capacity: Effective Service Delivery	3.4	7.2
1: Public Health	Housing Support: Housing Vouchers and Relocation Assistance for			1.2
COVID-19 Mitigation & Prevention	Disproportionately Impacted Communities*^	Public Sector Capacity: Administrative Needs	3.5	-
COVID-19 Vaccination [^]	Housing Support: Other Housing Assistance*^	4: Premium Pay		
COVID-19 Testing [^]	Social Determinants of Health: Community Health Workers or Benefi	Public Sector Employees	4.1	4.1
COVID-19 Contact Tracing^	Navigators*^	Private Sector: Grants to Other Employers	4.2	4.2
Prevention in Congregate Settings (Nursing Homes, P	Social Determinants of Health: Lead Remediation**	5: Infrastructure		
Dense Work Sites, Schools, Child care facilities, etc.)*	Medical Facilities for Disproportionately Impacted Communities [^]	Water and Sewer		
Personal Protective Equipment ^A	Strong Healthy Communities: Neighborhood Features that Promote	Clean Water: Centralized Wastewater Treatment	5.1	5.1
Medical Expenses (including Alternative Care Facilities	Health and Safety^	Clean Water: Centralized Wastewater Collection and Conveyance	5.2	5.2
Other COVID-19 Public Health Expenses (including C Enforcement, Isolation/Quarantine) ^A	Strong Healthy Communities: Demolition and Rehabilitation of	Clean Water: Decentralized Wastewater	5.3	5.3
COVID-19 Assistance to Small Businesses^	Properties^	Clean Water: Combined Sewer Overflows	5.4	5.4
COVID 19 Assistance to Non-Profits [^]	Addressing Educational Disparities: Aid to High-Poverty Districts [^] Addressing Educational Disparities: Academic, Social, and Emotiona	Clean Water: Other Sewer Infrastructure	5.5	5.5
COVID-19 Aid to Impacted Industries^	Services*^	Clean Water: Stormwater	5.6	5.6
Community Violence Interventions	Addressing Educational Disparities: Mental Health Services*^		5.7	5.7
Community Violence Interventions*^	Addressing Impacts of Lost Instructional Time^	Clean Water: Energy Conservation		
Behavioral Health	Contributions to UI Trust Funds^	Clean Water: Water Conservation	5.8	5.8
Mental Health Services*^	Assistance to Small Businesses	Clean Water: Nonpoint Source	5.9	5.9
Substance Use Services*^	Loans or Grants to Mitigate Financial Hardship^	Drinking water: Treatment	5.10	5.10
Other	Technical Assistance, Counseling, or Business Planning*^	Drinking water: Transmission & Distribution	5.11	5.11
Other Public Health Services^	Rehabilitation of Commercial Properties or Other Improvements ^A	Drinking water: Lead Remediation, including in Schools and Daycares	5.12	5.12
Capital Investments or Physical Plant Changes to Pub	Business Incubators and Start-Up or Expansion Assistance*^	Drinking water: Source	5.13	5.13
respond to the COVID-19 public health emergency	Enhanced Support to Microbusinesses*^	Drinking water: Storage	5.14	5.14
2: Negative Economic Impacts	Assistance to Non-Profits	Drinking water: Other water infrastructure	5.15	5.15
Assistance to Households	Assistance to Impacted Nonprofit Organizations (Impacted or	Water and Sewer: Private Wells	5.16	-
Household Assistance: Food Programs**	Disproportionately Impacted)^	Water and Sewer: IIJA Bureau of Reclamation Match	5.17	-
Household Assistance: Rent, Mortgage, and Utility Aid	Aid to Impacted Industries	Water and Sewer: Other	5.18	-
Household Assistance: Cash Transfers*^	Aid to Tourism, Travel, or Hospitality^	Broadband		
	Aid to Other Impacted Industries^	Broadband: "Last Mile" projects	5.19	5.16
	Other	Broadband: IIJA Match	5.20	-
	Economic Impact Assistance: Other*^	Broadband: Other projects	5.20	5.17
	Household Assistance: Eviction Prevention**	6: Revenue Replacement	5.21	3.17
	Education Assistance: Other*^	Provision of Government Services	6.4	6.1
s, all spending	Healthy Childhood Environments: Other*^		6.1	6.1
b, all spellullig	Social Determinants of Health: Other*	Non-federal Match for Other Federal Programs	6.2	-
· · · ·		7: Administrative		
		Administrative Expenses	7.1	7.1
diture Category		Transfers to Other Units of Government	7.2	7.3
		Transfers to Non-entitlement Units (States and territories only)	-	7.4

For most Vermont towns, will fall under this Expendent

Household Assistance: Paid Sick and Medical Leave^

Household Assistance: Services for Un/Unbanked*^

Household Assistance: Health Insurance*^

Household Assistance: Survivor's Benefits^

What You CAN Spend \$ On



EC ²⁷	Previous EC ²⁸
2.4	2.4
2.5	-
2.6	-
2.7	-
2.8	-

Expenditure Category 6 Revenue Replacement

- **ARPA award** may be taken as "lost revenue"
- Treasury "*presumes*" this amount is revenue loss it
- EC 6.1 Government services generally include any *service* traditionally provided by **a** government
- 6.1 Government Services.



• Recipients made "a *one-time, irrevocable election* to utilize either the revenue loss formula or the *standard allowance*" during the April 30, 2022, reporting period

• For NEUs, the *entire amount of your municipality's*

there is no need to calculate, demonstrate or document

• All spending of ARPA funds up to the amount of revenue loss, regardless of purpose, will be reported under EC



Your decisions should prepare your community for the next disaster, position future generations for success, and, whenever possible, help grow your Grand List.

As you make plans to spend your ARPA award, think of these as your guide:

- Use existing tools.
- Don't reinvent the wheel.
- Stretch your ARPA dollars.



Use Existing Tools.

With so much flexibility in spending ARPA funds now, how do you prioritize? Here are some ideas to help establish selection criteria. Does/Is the use:

- Follow the intent of CSLFRF/ARPA?
 - Fight the pandemic and support families and businesses struggling with its public health and economic impacts
 - Maintain vital public services, even amid declines in revenue resulting from the crisis
 - Build a strong, resilient, and equitable recovery by making investments that support long-term growth and opportunity
- Comply with the Town Plan?
- Included in a Master Plan or any other plans, studies or reports?
- Included in a Capital Improvement Plan, if one exists?
- Set a precedent that will be difficult for the Town to fulfill for others in the future?
- Create an ongoing unfunded expense, after ARPA is exhausted?
- Have broad community benefit, or does it benefit just a few?
- Bring long-term value to the community for generations to come?
- Leverage other grant funds?
- Duplicate benefit already funded through an existing program (State or other)?





Don't Reinvent the Wheel.

✓ Assistance to Individuals and Households:

- <u>Vermont Emergency Rental Assistance Program (VERAP)</u> \$110 million in Coronavirus Relief Funds Assistance to renters for rent and utilities.
- <u>Vermont Homeowner Assistance Program (VT HAP)</u> \$50 million State ARPA Assistance with overdue mortgage payments, homeowners' association fees, property taxes, and/or utilities.
- <u>Affordable Connectivity Program (ACP)</u> \$14 billion, federally Assistance for internet service.

✓ Assistance to Businesses:

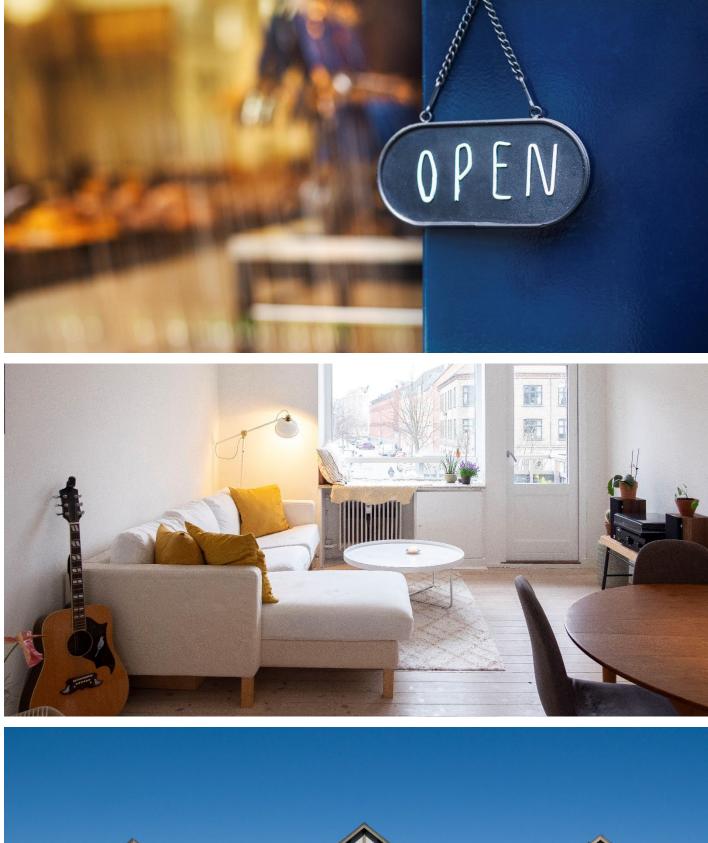
- <u>VT Agency of Commerce and Community Development (ACCD)</u> There have been numerous COVID-19 economic relief & recovery programs for business as well as existing programs.
- <u>Regional Development Corporations (RDCs)</u> There are twelve RDCs throughout VT. They serve as "satellites" of the VT Dept. of Economic Development and provide local knowledge and facilitate assistance to support businesses in their communities.

More resources can be found here:

Housing Resources for Vermonters in Need

ACCD Grant Opportunities Inventory Dec 2021







Stretch Your ARPA Dollars.

There are billions of federal dollars pouring into Vermont – more than we will ever see again in our lifetimes. Use your ARPA dollars as grant match to leverage other programs for:

- Water and sewer
- Broadband
- Repair/rebuild roads and bridges
- Safe Streets
- EV Charging Stations
- Improvements to municipal buildings













Based on the hundreds of municipal inquiries VLCT has received to date regarding local ARPA funding, here is a non-exhaustive list of items that many communities throughout Vermont are considering in their spending plans...

- - ADA accessibility, fire protection, general code upgrades
- Create a formal Capital Plan
- Seeding positions to help advance local priorities and projects

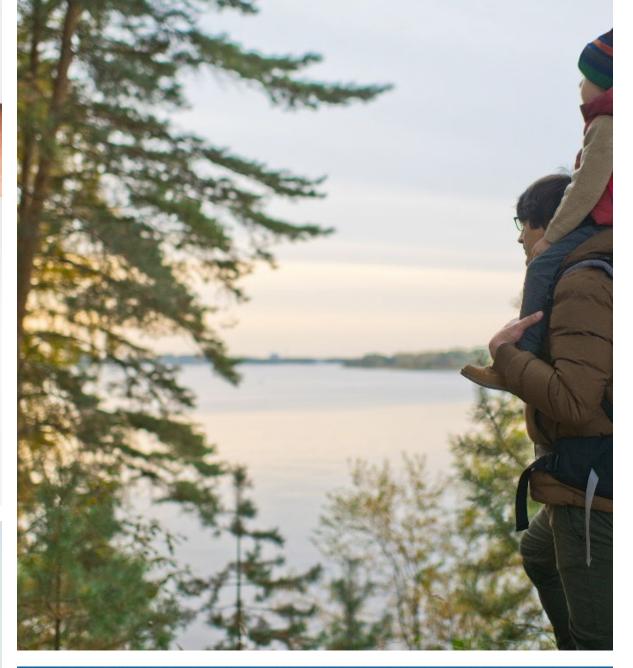


- Investments to improve *municipal business operations*:
 - Cybersecurity, IT Upgrades, town websites
 - Hybrid meeting equipment
 - Connect public buildings to broadband
 - Digitize land records
 - Capital improvements to municipal buildings:
 - Ventilation and energy











ARPA - Vermont (continued)

Investments that *revitalize a community*, making it a better and safer place to live for existing residents and to help in attracting new ones:

- Outdoor recreation (trails, parks, green spaces, recreational facilities, etc.)
- Diversity, equity, inclusion (DEI)
- High-quality affordable childcare
- Measures to support housing development
- Bike and pedestrian safety
- Community gathering spaces
- Broadband
- Support for local non-profits





AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN ACT 2021

ARPA Assistance and Coordination Program



- Guidance and project eligibility analysis
- practices
- In-person and virtual meetings with local officials and staff
- Answer questions (<u>arpa@vlct.org</u>)
- Guidance with compliance, reporting, and transparency
- Collaboration/partnerships with RPCs, SOV, RDCs, statewide non-profits, private consultants, etc. to ensure needs of municipalities are met related to project ideation, implementation and management
- <u>www.vlct.org/arpa</u>

• Webinars, targeted trainings, technical assistance, best

Regional Planning Commission Assistance

- Identify needs and top priorities for designing and building projects that are consistent with existing State, regional and local plans.
- Respond to inquiries on eligibility to facilitate local discussions among stakeholders on specific projects.
- Provide other assistance as needed from local communities in coordination with VLCT.
- Work with VLCT, regional development corporations, and private consultants working with municipalities to ensure needs of local communities are met, especially related to project development and management.
- For more information on the State of Vermont's 11 Regional Planning Commissions visit: <u>www.vapda.org</u>

