

Audited Financial Statements with Required Supplementary Information and Other Information

Years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 (restated) with Report of Independent Auditors

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Report of Independent Auditors

Board of Directors
Vermont League of Cities and Towns

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Vermont League of Cities and Towns (VLCT), which comprise the statements of net position as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 (restated), and the related statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, and cash flows for the years then ended (restated in 2023), and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of VLCT as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 (restated), and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended (restated in 2023) in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of VLCT and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Adoption of New Accounting Standard and Adjustments to Prior Year Financial Statements
As discussed in Note B to the financial statements, effective January 1, 2024, VLCT adopted
Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Accounting Standards Update No. 101,
Compensated Absences (GASB 101). VLCT has restated its 2023 financial statements during the
current year in relation to the adoption of GASB 101. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this
matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about VLCT's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of VLCT's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about VLCT's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 4 - 15 and the Schedule of Employer Pension Information on page 45 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on VLCT's basic audited financial statements. The Schedule of Revenues and Expenses – Budgetary Basis on pages 47 - 50 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The other information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Williston, Vermont September 19, 2025

Vermont firm registration: 092-0000267

Chuson Jambert LLP

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

Years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 (restated)

Management of the Vermont League of Cities and Towns (VLCT) presents the following overview and analysis of its financial operations for the year ended December 31, 2024, to be reviewed and considered in conjunction with the more detailed statements, schedules and notes in the ensuing pages of this report.

VLCT is a nonprofit, nonpartisan organization that serves Vermont's municipal governments (its members) by providing services through its advocacy and Municipal Assistance Center operations. VLCT also provides administrative services, office space and equipment usage to VLCT Employment Resource and Benefits Trust, Inc. (VERB) and VLCT Property and Casualty Intermunicipal Fund, Inc. (PACIF). Collectively, these are referred to as "the Trusts".

Highlights

- The 2023 financials were restated due to the required adoption of GASB statement number 101 Compensated Absences (GASB 101), which was applied retroactively to 2023. VLCT has leave policies that provide staff with paid vacation, holiday and sick leave. Prior to adoption of GASB 101, VLCT recorded the liability for earned vacation and holiday leave balances, but with the adoption of GASB 101 VLCT also included a portion of sick leave balances. The adoption of GASB 101 resulted in a recording of an additional compensated absences liability as of January 1, 2023 of \$108,464.
- Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources at the end of 2024 by \$643,597, of which \$336,637 was invested in capital assets, leaving an accumulated deficit of \$306,957. This compares with a net position deficit of \$983,947 at December 31, 2023, of which \$375,189 was invested in capital assets, net of related debt, leaving an accumulated deficit of \$608,758 as unrestricted net position. The decrease in the unrestricted net position deficit at the end of 2024 amounted to \$301,801, the majority of which was from savings in software maintenance, travel and consulting expenses.
- Debt related to capital assets includes the nondepreciated balance of all capital assets paid for by the Trusts at the time the assets were purchased, totaled \$120,132 as of December 31, 2024, compared to \$147,158 at December 31, 2023. VLCT owns all capital assets, and all trust-funded purchases become a liability to VLCT (under deferred revenue) with the balance reduced each year by the annual depreciation of the assets.
- Net position increased \$340,353 from a surplus realized during the year ended December 31, 2024. This was due to savings in software maintenance, travel and consulting expenses, combined with higher commissions and investment income than expected.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

Years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 (restated)

Highlights (Continued)

- Total revenue in 2024 was \$553,006 higher than in 2023 primarily due to an increase in revenue from the trusts, as well as revenue from a new sublease and new grants. Trust revenue increased 6.4% in 2024 and was mainly attributable to salary and benefit increases for Risk Management Services staff and administrative support staff for the trusts. Sublease revenue increased as the United States Postal Service (USPS) began subleasing a portion of VLCT's office space in 2024. Grant income increased due to a new Municipal Technical Assistance grant from the Vermont Agency of Administration (AOA) and a Cooperative Agreement with the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA).
- As of December 31, 2024, total expenses were \$230,818 higher than 2023 primarily due to increases in salaries and health insurance benefits. Salaries increased 8.6% from 2023 due to inflationary wage growth combined with the addition of several positions, while health insurance increased 18.2% due to carrier increases in the small group health insurance premiums. The GASB 68 pension expense adjustment of \$111,156 was recorded to account for VLCT's share of the net pension liability, a decrease of \$201,983 from the 2023 adjustment.

Overview of the Financial Statements

VLCT's fiscal year is January 1 through December 31. There are no funds other than the General Fund. With the exception of administrative staff, the budget for each employee is allocated to one of the following cost centers based on his or her primary responsibility:

- Advocacy
- Municipal Assistance Center
- Grants
- VLCT Employment Resource and Benefits Trust
- VLCT Property and Casualty Intermunicipal Fund

Administrative staff includes employees working in the following departments:

- Executive Director
- Human Resources and Administrative Services
- Finance
- IT
- Communications and Marketing

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

Years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 (restated)

Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)

Direct costs including salaries, benefits and all other operating costs for each cost center are charged directly to that cost center. The direct costs for the Trusts include salaries and benefits, along with employee-related costs such as company vehicles, travel and training, and any costs that may be attributed to the Trust budget for that employee. These costs are charged to the Trusts on a quarterly basis and then reimbursed to VLCT at year-end. Accruals and reconciliations are completed quarterly to account for overpayments of salaries and benefits that exceed what was budgeted.

The costs of administrative departments are allocated to all cost centers based on a ratio determined during budget preparation. The ratio is based on the department's assessment of its major activities and the average percentage of time spent for each cost center. These percentages are used to allocate the administrative department's budget across cost centers for that year's budget and are the basis for the administrative cost portion of the annual agreement between VLCT and each trust. The amount is not changed during the year, and there is no quarterly reconciliation process for these costs. Whenever possible, any adjustments, including adding or eliminating staff or programs, will occur during the budgeting process to avoid disruption of services across the cost centers.

Management's Discussion and Analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to VLCT's basic financial statements and provides supplemental information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. VLCT's basic financial statements consist of the required financial statements and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Required financial statements include:

- Statements of Net Position
- Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position
- Statements of Cash Flows
- Notes to the Financial Statements

These statements present VLCT's status as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 and financial developments during the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 for all cost centers combined.

The Statements of Net Position present the economic position of VLCT, showing the assets owned or in use by VLCT and how those assets are financed: by debt or short-term obligations, or by net position (VLCT's equity). The Statements of Net Position also show the deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to VLCT's participation in the VMERS defined benefit pension plan.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

Years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 (restated)

Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)

The Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position show the operating transactions for the year, revenues and expenses, as well as any operating transfers. The result of operations is the change in net position. This amount added to last fiscal year's net position is the new net position total shown in the Statement of Net Position as well as the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position.

The Statements of Cash Flows outline the cash flows resulting from the operating, investment and financing activities of VLCT.

Notes to the Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the required financial statements. The notes provide explanations of the accounting principles followed and of key items in the statements. They include tables with more detailed analyses of accounts requiring further clarification. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

The Schedule of Employer Pension Information (unaudited) provides supplemental information about the VMERS DB pension plan as required by GASB 68 and can be found immediately following the notes to the financial statements.

In addition to the basic financial statements, the accompanying notes and the required supplementary information, this report also presents other information to provide additional financial information not included in the basic financial statements. This other information includes a Schedule of Revenues and Expenses – Budgetary Basis (unaudited) for the current fiscal year, comparing budget to actual and showing the variance from budget. The other information can be found immediately following the Schedule of Employer Pension Information.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

Years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 (restated)

Results and Analysis

The following table summarizes the Statements of Net Position:

	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023 (restated)	Percentage Change	December 31, 2022 (restated)	Percentage Change
Assets					
Current assets	\$ 3,748,466	\$ 3,042,823	23.2 %	\$ 2,475,763	22.9 %
ROU assets - leases (net)	424,899	687,870	(38.2)%	917,160	(20.0)%
ROU assets - SBITA (net)	447,284	459,407	(2.6)%	481,902	(4.7)%
Capital assets	134,410	179,707	(25.2)%	298,837	(39.9)%
Total Assets	4,755,059	4,369,807	8.8 %	4,173,662	4.7 %
Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Deferred pension amounts	512,289	694,301	(26.2)%	904,328	(23.2)%
Liabilities					
Current payables and accruals	991,019	924,979	7.1 %	786,155	17.7 %
Current deferred revenue	723,766	695,825	4.0 %	706,869	(1.6)%
Accrued compensated absences	441,804	386,182	14.4 %	261,432	47.7 %
Non-current liabilities	3,344,298	3,948,571	(15.3)%	4,080,127	(3.2)%
Total Liabilities	5,500,887	5,955,557	(7.6)%	5,834,583	2.1 %
Deferred Inflow of Resources					
Deferred pension expenses	232,394	92,498	151.2 %	137,055	(32.5)%
Deferred sublease	177,661		DIV/0 %	137,055	(100.0)%
Total Deferred Inflow of					
Resources	410,055	92,498	343.3 %	274,110	(66.3)%
Net Position, End of Year	<u>\$ (643,594)</u>	<u>\$ (983,947)</u>	34.6 %	\$ (893,648)	(10.1)%

Total assets as of December 31, 2024 were \$4,755,059, up from \$4,369,807 as of December 31, 2023. This increase of \$385,252 or 8.8% is due to an increase in cash from operations offset by a decrease in the Right-of-Use (ROU) lease and SBITA assets as well as a decrease in capital assets. Deferred outflows of pension amounts (the future value of contributions paid after the June 30th reporting date of the actuarial report) decreased by \$182,012 or 26.2% due primarily to the difference between expected and actual experience combined with the difference between projected and actual investments earnings.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

Years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 (restated)

Results and Analysis (Continued)

In 2023, total assets increased by \$196,145 or 4.7% primarily due to an increase in cash from operations, the adoption of GASB 96 for subscription assets, and a decrease in the Right-of-Use (ROU) lease asset and capital assets. Deferred outflows of pension amounts decreased by \$210,027, or 23.2% due to the difference between projected and actual investments earnings.

As of December 31, 2024, total liabilities decreased by \$454,670 or 7.6% due to the decrease in the net pension liability of \$210,752 and a decrease in the lease liability of \$322,024. VLCT's proportionate share of VMERS DB liability was \$2,642,541 with \$512,289 in deferred outflows of resources and \$232,394 in deferred inflows of resources. The VMERS DB total pension expense for 2024 of \$394,411 is the estimated expense inclusive of VLCT's share of the pension fund's unfunded liability. Deferred inflow of resources also includes the \$177,661 present value of the sublease revenue expected in future periods.

In 2023, total liabilities increased by \$120,974 or 2.1% due to the GASB 101 restatement that increased accrued compensated balances, an increase in the net pension liability of \$147,669 and an increase in current payables of 138,824 that were partially offset by a decrease in the lease liability of \$308,476. VLCT's proportionate share of VMERS DB liability was \$2,853,293 with \$694,301 in deferred outflows of resources and \$92,498 in deferred inflows of resources. The VMERS DB total pension expense for 2023 of \$568,994 is the estimated expense inclusive of VLCT's share of the pension fund's unfunded liability.

Net position increased by \$340,353 for the year ended December 31, 2024 as a result of a surplus from operations during the year. The operating gain was primarily from higher commissions, sponsorships and grant revenue than budgeted as well as savings relative to budget in software maintenance, travel and consulting expenses. Non-operating revenue from interest income was also higher than expected contributing to the increase in net position for the year. Net position decreased \$90,299 or 10.1% for the year ended December 31, 2023 as a result of the restatement from the adoption of GASB 101 that more than offset the surplus generated by operating and non-operating revenue.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

Years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 (restated)

Results and Analysis (Continued)

The following table summarizes operations shown in the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position for the years ended:

	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	Percentage Change	December 31, 2022	Percentage <u>Change</u>
		(restated)			
Operating Revenues					
Member dues	\$ 1,290,020	\$ 1,237,967	4.2 %	\$ 1,190,697	4.0 %
Services	80,755	120,580	(33.0)%	247,191	(51.2)%
Trusts	6,250,538	5,872,698	6.4 %	5,583,870	5.2 %
Commission income	122,270	119,810	2.1 %	125,600	(4.6)%
Sponsorships	130,306	154,719	(15.8)%	166,902	(7.3)%
Other revenue	524,934	363,439	44.4 %	257,414	41.2 %
Total operating revenues	8,398,823	7,869,213	6.7 %	7,571,674	3.9 %
Operating Expenses					
Combined cost centers	8,101,369	7,755,328	4.5 %	7,466,236	3.9 %
Capital costs	74,287	189,510	(60.8)%	150,165	26.2 %
Total operating expenses	8,175,656	7,944,838	2.9 %	7,616,401	4.3 %
Operating gain (loss)	223,167	(75,625)	(395.1)%	(44,727)	(69.1)%
Non-Operating Revenues	117,186	93,790	24.9 %	13,587	590.3 %
Change in Net Position	340,353	18,165	1,773.7 %	(31,140)	(158.3)%
Net Position, Beginning of Year	(983,947)	(893,648)	(10.1)%	(862,508)	3.6 %
GASB 101 adoption		(108,464)			
Net Position, End of Year	\$ (643,594)	<u>\$ (983,947)</u>	34.6 %	\$ (893,648)	(10.1)%

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

Years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 (restated)

Results and Analysis (Continued)

The following table presents a budget to actual comparison in summarized form from the Statement of Revenues and Expenses Budgetary Basis (unaudited) on pages 47 - 50 for the year ended December 31, 2024:

Operating Povenues		Budget		Actual	Percentage Over (Under) Budget
Operating Revenues Member dues	\$	1,289,134	\$	1,290,020	0.1 %
Services	Þ	273,440	₽	80,755	
		•		•	(70.5)%
Trusts		6,323,198		6,250,538	(1.1)%
Commissions		98,800		122,270	23.8 %
Other revenue		302,500		655,240	116.6 %
Total operating revenues		8,287,072		8,398,823	1.35 %
Operating Expenses Combined cost centers ** Capital costs		8,231,902 71,722		8,101,369 74,287	(1.6)% 3.6 %
Total operating expenses		8,303,624		8,175,656	(1.5)%
Operating (loss) gain		(16,552)		223,167	(1,448.3)%
Non-Operating Revenues		64,000		117,186	83.1 %
Change in Net Position	\$	47,448	\$	340,353	

^{**} Refer to the Statement of Revenues and Expenses - Budgetary Basis (Unaudited) at the end of the financial statements for a breakdown of expenses by function.

As shown in the tables above, VLCT ended the year with an overall surplus of \$340,353. Operating revenues increased by \$529,610 or 6.7% from the prior year and were higher than budgeted by \$111,751 or 1.35%. Operating expenses increased by \$230,818 or 2.9% from prior year and were lower than budgeted by \$127,968 or 1.5%.

During the year ended December 31, 2023, VLCT had an overall deficit of \$90,299. Operating revenues increased by \$297,539 or 3.9% from the prior year and were lower than budgeted by \$298,665 or 3.66%. Operating expenses increased by \$328,437 or 4.3% from prior year and were higher than budgeted by \$227,496 or 2.9%.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

Years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 (restated)

Results and Analysis (Continued)

In 2024, total revenue increased 6.9% due to the administrative agreement with the insurance trusts, sublease revenue, grant revenue and interest income. Trust revenue increased 6.4% in 2024 due to salary and benefit increases for staff that support trust operations. Sublease revenue increased significantly due to the additional sublease with the USPS. Grant revenue increased 22.4% due to a new Cooperative Agreement with USDA and a new Municipal Technical Assistance grant from the Vermont AOA that were slightly offset by the completion of the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) and Federal Funding Assistance (FFA) grants from the Vermont Agency of Commerce and Community Development (ACCD). Interest income also benefited from a higher balance invested in certificates of deposit and money market funds.

2024 expenses were up 2.9% from 2023 primarily due to increases in salaries for existing staff combined with the addition of two new grant funded positions and a municipal policy position. Partially offsetting this was a decrease in services expense and lower equipment and depreciation expenses.

In 2023, Trust revenue increased 5.2% in 2023 due to salary and benefit increases for staff that support trust operations. Grant revenue increased due to additional FFA grant revenue from the Vermont ACCD and subgrant revenue from the Ottauquechee Two-Rivers Regional Commission for municipal technical assistance work. Interest income benefited from higher rates on cash held in certificates of deposit and money market funds.

2023 expenses were up 4.4% from 2022 primarily due to salary increases that were partially offset by staff turnover as well as an increase in benefits that resulted from the VMERS GASB 68 pension expense adjustment. The GASB 68 pension expense adjustment was not budgeted and was \$104,784 higher than 2022.

Other notable variances of 2024 revenues and expenses from budget or changes from the prior year include:

- Travel/Training was under budget by \$40,350 or 38.5% due to less staff travel than planned even though the expense was higher than 2023. Lower maintenance costs for VLCT owned vehicles further contributed to the budget savings for this expense line.
- Equipment expense was lower than budgeted by \$94,961or 20.6% as a result of postponing software maintenance projects related to sharepoint and server upgrades.
- Board expenses were under budget by 41.3% due to fewer committee meetings and fewer inperson attendees at board meetings than anticipated.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

Years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 (restated)

Results and Analysis (Continued)

- Contracted services were under budget by 84,698 or 40.2% as a result of lower consulting spending on municipal policy as the Intergovernmental Relations team hired a second staff person in Q4 of 2024.
- Benefits expense decreased 0.3% from 2023 despite significantly higher health insurance costs because the 2024 VMERS DB GASB 68 pension adjustment expense was \$201,983 lower than in 2023.
- Services expenses were lower than 2023 by 36.0% as the costs of Town Fair were reduced significantly by shortening the event from two days to only one day.

Outlook and Economic Factors

VLCT remains the one-stop-shop for municipal officials seeking assistance leading their communities. In 2024, we maintained 100% membership among Vermont's 247 cities and towns and another 147 units of municipal government saw value in being dues-paying associate members, a slight increase over 2023. This broad support reflects the value we provide from answering more than 3,300 legal questions and training 4,500 municipal officials to delivering grant assistance to 4,000 officials and generating nearly half a million website views. Since 1968, VLCT has a proven track record and is seen by its members and other municipal organizations as an institution. This long-standing reputation, combined with the stable and supportive administrative agreements with our affiliated government risk pools, PACIF and VERB, ensured VLCT's financial predictability and stability in 2024.

VLCT continues to implement a strategic plan that emphasizes investments in people, new technology, and new services our members demand. VLCT's Plan to Support Vibrant Local Government lays out four key goals:

- To grow a sustainable and relevant member-focused organization
- To strengthen the capacity of local government
- To develop and attract outstanding talent to local government
- To champion inclusive and resilient communities

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

Years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 (restated)

Outlook and Economic Factors (Continued)

The organization has operationalized board-adopted annual workplans to meet these goals and maintain VLCT's relevance as we expand offerings to municipal officials. Some of the services expanded in 2024 include the creation of our Municipal Operations Support Team – a USDA Rural Development grant funded unit dedicated to supporting our smallest municipalities master the basics of finance and management in preparation for future disasters. Thanks in part to the capacity of this new grant, VLCT more than doubled our training offerings for members, all without putting new pressure on dues. We plan to continue seeking state and federal grants to provide additional operational support to our members, particularly those that help municipalities address housing development and cybersecurity.

As a municipal association, VLCT has largely been isolated from the uncertainty and volatility many non-profit organizations have experienced following the 2024 elections. Our federal funding has not been reduced, and while some of our members have struggled with unexpected federal grant reductions for specific projects, they remain financially sound. The federal uncertainty does not appear to be inhibiting our members from paying dues or participating in VLCT events.

A core goal of VLCT is to connect municipal officials with one another, fostering a network of peers that learn from one another and share each other's experiences. While in-person events remain an important part of VLCT's programming, we have expanded remote participation to meet member demand. This shift has changed our workshop revenue model, but it has also allowed us to serve more members and reduce the associated costs of workshops, resulting in only minor changes to our budget.

VLCT's members continue to be actively involved in our advocacy work. After one of VLCT's longest-serving employees and director of our advocacy department retired in 2023, our newly formed Intergovernmental Relations Department engaged with our members in 2024 to establish our biannual municipal policy – a six month-long process that coalesced the membership around a shared vision for our advocacy work in the state house. Several hundred members engaged each week with our Intergovernmental Relations Department through the weekly legislative report, advocacy chats, or one-on-one interactions. Many members continue to point to this work as among the most valuable services we provide.

VLCT remains a cohesive organization, governed by its members through an active board and affiliated boards of our risk pools. Our 55 staff members are our most valuable asset and we invest in them through providing competitive benefits, dedicated professional development resources and a flexible workplace. Despite the workforce challenges in and around Vermont, we have retained a majority of our team and have had no significant issues filling vacancies. One of the largest threats to our ability to attract and retain great people is the escalating cost of health insurance. As our second largest expense after salaries, its costs have significantly outpaced inflation in recent years.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

Years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 (restated)

Outlook and Economic Factors (Continued)

In the coming 18 months, VLCT will also be designing its future workspace, as our nearly two-decades long relationship with our landlord in City Center will come to an end in the winter of 2026/2027. We are currently evaluating whether owning our office space would be a better long-term operational and financial option than leasing.

While VLCT's financial stability allows us to serve our members efficiently, our net position is a frequent topic of discussion. Despite having significant cash on hand, the VMERS pension liability has a notable negative impact on our finances. To reduce VLCT's exposure, we have formally amended our agreements with our affiliated risk pools, ensuring they will cover their proportionate share should the pension liability need to be paid.

VLCT remains a trusted organization that demonstrates tremendous value to its members. By managing our finances prudently, we are able to expand member services, retain an excellent workforce and maintain our relevance at the forefront of local government.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Vermont League of Cities and Towns' finances for all those with an interest in the League's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Chief Financial Officer at the Vermont League of Cities and Towns, 89 Main Street, Suite 4, Montpelier, Vermont, 05602-2948, or by calling 802-229-9111.

Statements of Net Position

As of December 31, 2024 and 2023

	2024	2023		
Assets		(Restated)		
Current Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,850,847	\$ 2,675,388		
Note receivable from Vermont Community Loan Fund	250,000	-		
Accounts receivable	312,443	189,027		
Amounts due from trusts	127,543	169,857		
Prepaid expenses	34,746	8,551		
Sublease receivable	172,887	-		
Total current assets	3,748,466	3,042,823		
Non-Current Assets				
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	134,410	179,707		
ROU assets - leases (net of accumulated amortization)	424,899	687,870		
ROU assets - subscriptions (net of accumulated amortization)	447,284	459,407		
Total non-current assets	1,006,593	1,326,984		
Total Assets	4,755,059	4,369,807		
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Deferred pension amounts	512,289	694,301		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	512,289	694,301		
Liabilities and Net Position				
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities	00.400	00 507		
Accounts payable	99,400	98,507		
Amounts due to trusts Accrued payroll	142,069 149,885	136,295 113,660		
Accrued payroli Accrued compensated absences	441,804	386,182		
Deferred revenue	681,958	665,447		
Deferred revenue - trusts	41,808	30,378		
Lease liability	374,860	322,023		
Subscription liability	224,805	254,494		
Total current liabilities	2,156,589	2,006,986		
Non-Current Liabilities				
Deferred revenue - trusts	78,324	116,780		
Net pension liability	2,642,541	2,853,293		
Lease liability	398,725	773,585		
Subscription liability	224,708	204,913		
Total non-current liabilities	3,344,298	3,948,571		
Total Liabilities	5,500,887	5,955,557		
Deferred Inflow of Resources				
Deferred pension expenses	232,394	92,498		
Deferred sublease	177,661			
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	410,055	92,498		
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	(336,637)	(375,189)		
Unrestricted	(306,957)	(608,758)		
Total Net Position	\$ (643,594)	\$ (983,947)		

Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

Years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

	2024	2023		
		(Restated)		
Operating Revenues	t 4.422.000	t 4.004.570		
Dues - regular	\$ 1,132,809	\$ 1,091,578		
Dues - associate	157,211	146,389		
Commission income Sponsorships	122,270 130,306	119,810 154,719		
Town fair	32,711	32,878		
Publications	1,558	4,339		
Workshops	19,515	23,800		
Professional services	20,406	57,233		
Administrative services	2,000	1,500		
Newsletter advertising	4,565	3,830		
Trust contracts	6,094,522	5,729,663		
PACIF loss prevention contract	100,000	100,000		
Equipment revenue from trusts	56,016	43,035		
Grants	397,068	324,313		
Other revenues	127,866	36,126		
other revenues		30/120		
Total operating revenues	8,398,823	7,869,213		
Operating Expenses	4 000 202	4 50 4 0 45		
Salaries	4,889,282	4,504,045		
Employee benefits	1,814,512	1,819,186		
Office space - other	196,466	181,722		
Office space - interest	92,893	61,656		
Amortization - office space	229,290	229,290		
Subscriptions - interest	3,356	9,596		
Amortization - subscriptions	255,626	260,735		
Office equipment	106,686	124,439		
Depreciation - other	74,287	189,510		
Communications Printing and supplies	105,894	110,993		
Printing and supplies	5,229	6,426		
Travel and training Officers' costs	64,315	56,707		
Contracted services	33,461 126,188	30,850 133,349		
Dues and subscriptions	78,450	76,579		
Town fair	76,430 72,218	135,110		
Workshops	3,100	2,962		
Administrative services	18,770	9,041		
Other expenses	5,633	2,642		
Total operating expenses	8,175,656	7,944,838		
Operating income (loss)	223,167	(75,625)		
	-, -	(-,,		
Non-Operating Revenues Investment income	117,186	93,790		
Change in Net Position	340,353	18,165		
•				
Net Position, Beginning of Year	(983,947)	(893,648)		
GASB 101 adoption - see Note B	-	(108,464)		
Net Position, End of Year	\$ (643,594)	\$ (983,947)		

Statements of Cash Flows

Years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

	2024			2023		
				(Restated)		
Cash Flows from Operating Activities						
Receipts from membership dues	\$	1,306,531	\$	1,253,853		
Receipts from commissions		122,270		119,810		
Receipts from sponsorships		130,306		154,719		
Receipts from trusts		6,271,600		5,856,062		
Receipts from grants		399,068		325,813		
Other receipts		81,578		140,731		
Payments for salaries and benefits		(6,500,791)		(5,981,287)		
Payments to vendors		(937,961)	_	(928,378)		
Net cash flows from operating activities		872,601		941,323		
Cash Flows from Financing Activities						
Disposal of capital assets		22,000		22,000		
Purchase of capital assets		(36,499)		(75,498)		
Lease payments		(322,024)		(308,476)		
Subscription asset payments		(227,805)	_	(277,617)		
Net cash flows from financing activities		(564,328)		(639,591)		
Cash Flows from Investing Activities						
Net receipts for interest and net cash from investing						
activities		117,186		93,790		
Issuance of note receivable to Vermont Community Loan						
Fund		(250,000)				
Net cash flows from investing activities		(132,814)		93,790		
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents		175,459		395,522		
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year		2,675,388		2,279,866		
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$	2,850,847	\$	2,675,388		

Statements of Cash Flows (Continued)

Years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

	2024			2023
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash flows from				(Restated)
Operating Activities				
Operating income (loss)	\$	223,167	\$	(75,625)
Add (deduct) items not affecting cash:				
Depreciation expense - other		74,287		189,510
Amortization expense - office space		229,290		229,290
Amortization expense - subscription		253,999		260,735
Changes in statement of net position accounts:				
Accounts receivable		(123,416)		(17,475)
Amounts due from trusts		42,314		(166,995)
Prepaid expenses		(26,195)		12,932
Deferred pension amounts		182,012		210,027
Accounts payable		893		762
Amounts due to trusts		5,774		123,028
Accrued payroll		36,225		12,519
Accrued compensated absences		55,622		16,286
Deferred revenue		16,511		15,886
Deferred revenue - trusts		(27,026)		27,331
Net pension liability		(210,752)		147,669
Deferred pension expenses		139,896		(44,557)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	872,601	\$	941,323

Notes to the Financial Statements

Years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

Note A - Organization and Nature of Operations

Vermont League of Cities and Towns (VLCT) is the official cooperative association of Vermont's cities and towns. VLCT was founded in 1967 as a nonprofit, nonpartisan organization that serves the needs and best interests of Vermont municipalities. VLCT represents cities and towns (the members) working together to promote legislation, strengthen local government and provide information and other resources to assist municipal officials in their efforts to improve the quality of services provided to their citizens.

The reporting entity consists of the primary government (VLCT), and organizations for which VLCT is financially accountable. It also includes other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with VLCT is such that their exclusion would cause the financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the officials of VLCT are financially accountable. VLCT is financially accountable if it is able to impose its will on that organization or if there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or burdens on VLCT. VLCT may also be financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent on VLCT. Included within VLCT is the Municipal Assistance Center (MAC), which has a distinct revenue stream. MAC provides certain services, including workshops and consulting, to members of VLCT. MAC is not a legally separate organization from VLCT. There are no agencies or entities that should be combined with the financial statements of VLCT.

The Board of Directors (the Board) is elected by the members and consists of thirteen municipal officials from the municipalities that are VLCT's members. The Executive Director is appointed by the Board to manage the general affairs of VLCT.

Note B - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of VLCT have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental entities. VLCT follows all statements in accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). VLCT uses the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting and is accounted for as a proprietary enterprise fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

Note B - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Adoption of Accounting Standard

VLCT adopted GASB statement No. 101 *Compensated Absences* (GASB 101), requiring entities with compensated absences to align the recognition and measurement criteria for all types of compensated absences to allow for more consistent reporting. Entities are required to recognize liabilities for compensated absences if all the following are true 1) leave is attributed to service already rendered; 2) the leave accumulates; and 3) the leave is more than likely not to be used for time off or otherwise paid in cash or settled through non cash means. The liability for leave should be measured for leave that is unused, leave that has been used but not yet paid or settled, and liabilities for certain types of compensated absences. GASB 101 is required to be applied retroactively by restating financial statements of prior periods, if practical. Upon adoption of GASB 101 on January 1, 2023, VLCT recognized an initial accrual of \$108,464, associated with earned but unused sick time VLCT estimates will be used in the following year. The resulting compensated absence accrual increase as a result of adopting GASB 101 by \$108,340 and \$108,464 as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively, which is included as a component of accrued compensated absences on the statements of net position.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and the accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, significant estimates included in these financial statements primarily relate to the net pension liability (including the discount rate used and other assumptions) and the related deferred inflows and outflows of resources, as more fully described in Note H.

Subsequent Events

VLCT has evaluated the financial statements for subsequent events through September 19, 2025, the date that the financial statements were available to be issued.

Reclassifications

Certain amounts in the prior year financial statements have been reclassified to conform with the current year presentation. These changes had no effect on net position as of December 31, 2023 or change in net position for the year then ended.

Membership Dues

Membership dues are recognized on a straight-line basis over the membership year to which they relate, with any unearned amounts recorded as deferred revenue as more fully described in Note F.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

Note B - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Trust Contract Revenue

VLCT provides administrative services, office space, and equipment usage to VLCT Employment Resource and Benefits Trust, Inc. (VERB) and VLCT Property and Casualty Intermunicipal Fund, Inc. (PACIF), collectively, the Trusts. Revenues are deferred for services or events to take place in subsequent years as more fully described in Notes E and F.

Commission Income

VLCT receives commission income for facilitating the placement of health coverage, dental coverage, vision coverage, group and voluntary life and disability insurance. Commission income is earned ratably over the terms of the policies to which they relate.

Grants

VLCT was awarded a grant from the State of Vermont's Agency of Commerce and Community Development, Department of Housing and Community Development for \$650,000 with an award start date of May 1, 2021 and end date of April 30, 2024. This grant is to support municipal and regional planning and related activities (ARPA Municipal Coordination and assistance program). VLCT received \$25,000 during 2024 and \$200,000 during 2023, respectively, which was recognized in income. VLCT was also awarded a grant from the State of Vermont's Agency of Commerce and Community Development, Department of Housing and Community Development for \$250,000 with an award start date of July 1, 2022 and end date of July 1, 2024. This grant is to support municipal and regional planning and related activities through the Federal Funding Assistance Program (FFA). VLCT received \$100,000 during 2024 and 2023, which was recognized in income. VLCT was also awarded the Municipal Technical Assistance (MTAP) grant from the State of Vermont's Agency of Administration (AOA) for \$250,000 with an award start date of January 1, 2024 and end date of December 31, 2025. VLCT received \$125,000 during 2024, which was recognized in income. In 2023, VLCT was a subrecipient of the MTAP grant awarded to Two Rivers-Ottauquechee Regional Commission and received \$24,313, which was recognized in income. VLCT was also awarded the USDA Rural Development cooperative agreement for \$1,000,000 with an award start date of April 15, 2024 and end date of April 14, 2027. This grant is to support VLCT's planned work to provide municipal finance and operations support to Vermont's municipalities. VLCT accrued \$136,942 during 2024, which was recognized in income.

Sponsorship Revenues

Sponsorship revenues are recognized on a straight line basis or at a point in time based on the sponsorship agreement terms and when the performance obligations are fulfilled.

Other Revenues

Other revenues are recognized when the service is provided.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

Note B - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA)

VLCT has entered into a contract that conveys control of the right to use information technology software. VLCT has recognized a subscription liability and a subscription asset in the financial statements.

At the commencement of the subscription term, VLCT initially measures the subscription liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the subscription term. Subsequently, the subscription liability is reduced by the principal portion of payments made. The subscription asset is initially measured as the sum of the initial subscription liability, adjusted for payments made at or before the commencement date, plus capitalization implementation costs less any incentives received from the SBITA vendor at or before the commencement of the subscription term.

Subsequently, the subscription asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life. The Trust uses the interest rate charged by VLCT's incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

The subscription asset is \$447,284 and \$459,407 and subscription liability is \$449,513 and \$459,407 as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Amortization expense was \$253,999 and \$260,735 for 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

VLCT's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and investments with original maturity of 3 months or less. Cash and cash equivalents are held at M&T Bank. VLCT's investment in a certificate of deposit is held at TD Bank, N.A. with a maturity date of three months. The Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insures amounts on deposit with each financial institution up to limits as prescribed by law. VLCT holds funds in excess of the FDIC insured amount. Effective in December 2022, these funds in excess of the FDIC insured amount were transferred to a money rate sweep account held at M&T Bank and are not collateralized. As of December 31, 2022, the certificate of deposit funds held in excess of the FDIC insured amount are collateralized by a letter of credit with the Federal Home Loan Bank of Pittsburgh for up to \$300,000 by TD Bank, N.A. for the benefit of VLCT. VLCT has not experienced any losses in such accounts, and management believes it is not exposed to any significant credit risk on cash and cash equivalents.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

Note B - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

VLCT's carrying amount of cash deposits and the bank balance consist of the following at December 31:

	20	24		2023				
	 Book Balance	_	Bank Balance		Book Balance	_	Bank Balance	
Insured/FDIC Unsecured and	\$ 500,000	\$	500,000	\$	500,000	\$	500,000	
collateralized Unsecured and	299,619		299,619		275,014		275,014	
uncollateralized	2,051,228		2,051,950		1,900,374		1,917,274	
Total	\$ 2,850,847	\$	2,851,569	\$	2,675,388	\$	2,692,288	

The difference between the carrying amount of cash deposits and the bank balance is due to reconciling items such as deposits in transit and outstanding checks.

Note Receivable from Vermont Community Loan Fund

On July 15, 2024, VLCT entered into a note receivable for \$250,000 to the Vermont Community Loan Fund (VCLF) to support various causes across the state of Vermont. This note matures on July 15, 2025. The investment earns interest of 3.5% annually.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are stated at net realizable value. VLCT uses the allowance method to determine the uncollectible accounts receivable, which are based on management's judgment, experience and review of the current status of existing receivables. All receivables are deemed collectible by management at December 31, 2024 and 2023, and VLCT did not write off any amounts during 2024 and 2023.

Leases

VLCT determines if an arrangement is a lease or contains a lease at inception of a contract and classifies each lease as a financed purchase lease or other lease. A contract is determined to be or contain a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of identified property, plant, or equipment (an identified asset) in exchange for consideration. VLCT office lease is considered "other lease". VLCT records a right of use (ROU) asset for the right to use an underlying asset for the lease term and a lease liability, on a discounted basis, for the obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. The lease term includes options to extend or to terminate the lease that VLCT is reasonably certain to exercise. ROU assets are subject to review for impairment.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

Note B - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

VLCT subleases office space pursuant to lease agreements summarized in Note D. At the commencement of a new sublease in excess of twelve months, VLCT recognizes a sublease receivable equal to the present value of future sublease payments over the lease term and a deferred inflow of resources equal to the unearned portion of the sublease receivable, plus any sublease prepayments received. VLCT recognizes sublease income on a straight line basis over the remaining lease term. Subleases twelve months or less are recognized as rental income on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Sublease income of \$110,021 is included in other revenues as of December 31, 2024.

Capital Assets

Capital asset acquisitions greater than \$5,000 are capitalized at cost. Capital assets are depreciated or amortized using the straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The estimated useful lives of capital assets are as follows for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023:

	Estimated Useful
	Life (Years)
Leasehold improvements	7
Computer equipment	5
Other equipment	5
Furniture	10
Vehicles	4

Accrued compensated absences

VLCT permits employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation time. The accrual is recorded in the financial statements as a liability based on current rates. No employee may carry vacation leave at the end of the calendar year in excess of the amount earned in that calendar year. Unused vacation time is paid to the employee upon termination of their employment. Unused sick time is not a vested benefit, however under VLCT's adoption of GASB 101, management accrues for earned but unused sick time expected to be taken in the following year. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, VLCT had accrued annual leave of \$441,804 and \$386,182, respectively.

Income Taxes

VLCT is an unincorporated nonprofit association. VLCT is considered an instrumentality of the political subdivisions and, therefore, is exempt from taxation under the Internal Revenue Code Section 115. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements do not include a provision for federal or state income taxes.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

Note B - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Net Position

Unrestricted net position represents resources that have met all applicable restrictions and are considered to be available for unrestricted use. Net positions are classified based upon any restrictions that have been placed on those balances. Restrictions of net positions represent amounts that cannot be appropriated or are legally restricted for a specific purpose by a grant, contract or other binding agreement. There are no restrictions on net position as of December 31, 2024 and 2023.

Classification of Revenues and Expenses

VLCT reports itself as a business-type activity as defined in GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments*. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties and distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of VLCT include member dues, and fees received for providing services and reimbursement from the trusts for administrative services provided. Operating expenses include salaries and benefits, administrative expenses and depreciation. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Note C - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2024 is as follows:

	Beginning			Ending			
	 Balance	Additions		Retirements		_	Balance
Capital assets at cost:							
Leasehold improvements	\$ 47,295	\$	-	\$	-	\$	47,295
Computer equipment	1,650,662		-		-		1,650,662
Other equipment	190,874		-		-		190,874
Furniture & fixtures	348,000		-		-		348,000
Vehicles	 161,089	_	28,990		(29,060)	_	161,019
Total capital assets at cost	2,397,920		28,990		(29,060)		2,397,850
Less: accumulated depreciation	(2,218,213)		-		29,060		(2,189,153)
Less: depreciation expense	 	_	-			_	(74,287)
Total net capital assets	\$ 179,707	\$	28,990	\$		\$	134,410

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

Note C - Capital Assets (Continued)

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2023 is as follows:

	Beginning			Ending			
	 Balance	<u>Additions</u>		Retirements			Balance
Capital assets at cost:							
Leasehold improvements	\$ 47,295	\$	-	\$	-	\$	47,295
Computer equipment	1,650,662		-		-		1,650,662
Other equipment	190,874		-		-		190,874
Furniture & fixtures	348,000		-		-		348,000
Vehicles	 151,723	_	70,380		(61,014)	_	161,089
Total capital assets at cost	2,388,554		70,380		(61,014)		2,397,920
Less: accumulated depreciation	(2,089,717)		-		61,014		(2,028,703)
Less: depreciation expense	 	_				_	(189,510)
Total net capital assets	\$ 298,837	\$	70,380	\$	-	\$	179,707

Note D - Leases

Leases

VLCT entered into a lease with City Center Montpelier, LLC for office space in Montpelier, VT, which runs from January 2014 through December 2026. The lease also contains preset yearly rental increases. VLCT does not have any options to terminate the lease. At the end of the initial lease term, VLCT has the option to renew the lease for either one renewal term of two years, or up to three renewal terms of two years each. VLCT did not recognize any renewal options as it is not reasonably certain to exercise. VLCT used its estimated borrowing rate of 5% as the lease does not provide the implicit rate.

As of December 31, 2024, the right of use asset and lease liability balances were \$424,899 and \$773,585, respectively. As of December 31, 2023, the right of use asset and lease liability balances were \$687,870 and \$1,095,608, respectively.

Subleases

VLCT entered into two separate sublease agreements with Just Basics (a Montpelier Food Shelf) and the United States Postal Service (USPS) for subletting of office space under the lease with City Center Montpelier, LLC.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

Note D - Leases (Continued)

The sublease with Just Basics originally ran from September 2023 through August 2024 and was renewed for another year ending in August 2025, with no option for renewal unless agreed upon. The sublease with USPS runs from April 2024 through March 2026. At the end of the initial sublease term, USPS has the option to renew the lease for either one renewal term of 6 months up to 9 months. VLCT did not recognize any renewal options as it is not reasonable certain USPS will exercise. VLCT used an estimated borrowing rate of 4.5% as the subleases do not provide the implicit rate. VLCT's rent receivable and deferred inflow of resources related to sublease activity were \$172,887 and \$177,661, respectively, as of December 31, 2024.

As of December 31, 2024, VLCT recognized an impairment loss on the subleases of \$33,681, reducing the right of use asset for the original lease and recognizing the expense, due to subleases being offered at a rate per square foot less than the original lease.

VLCT's gross asset balance, accumulated amortization and net asset balance at December 31, 2024 and 2023 for the office lease:

	Net Asset		Accumulated		Gross Asset
	 Balance	Α	mortization		Balance
December 31, 2024	\$ 424,899	\$	2,555,871	\$	2,980,770
December 31, 2023	\$ 687,870	\$	2,292,900	\$	2,980,770

Future minimum lease payments are as follows for the office lease:

				Liability
	Cash	Inter	est Expense	Reduction
2025	\$ 392,673	\$	17,813	\$ 374,860
2026	\$ 404,453	\$	5,728	\$ 398,725

The VLCT does not have any lease commitments that have not yet commenced as of December 31, 2024.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

Note D - Leases (Continued)

VLCT's future minimum sublease receipts and the net present value of those receipts as of December 31, 2024 are as follows:

Years ending December 31:	I	mum Lease Receipts fice Space
2025 2026	\$	147,182 30,479
Future undiscounted rent receipts Less present value discount Sublease receivable	\$	177,661 (4,774) 172,887

Rent income recognized by VLCT on sublease activity during the year ended December 31, 2024 totaled \$110,021, which included interest income recognized by VLCT on sublease agreements of \$8,251.

Note E - Affiliated Organizations and Related Party Transactions

Per contractual agreements, VLCT provides administrative services, office space and equipment usage to VERB and PACIF. In accordance with the agreement, should VLCT be obligated to pay part of its pension obligations, PACIF and VERB would reimburse VLCT for their proportionate share of the obligations.

Some members of VLCT are also members and insureds of PACIF and/or members of VERB.

Certain Board members and officers of VLCT are also Board members and officers of PACIF and/or VERB. Certain employees of VLCT are officers of VLCT, PACIF and/or VERB.

The allocation of operating costs to the trusts is based on actual direct costs incurred and budgeted indirect costs. Direct costs include salaries and benefits for those employees working directly for a specific trust and other expenses that can be charged to a specific trust. Indirect costs include salaries and benefits for administrative support staff and other operating costs and are allocated at a fixed rate based on budgeted functions within the individual cost centers. On a quarterly basis, the trusts pay VLCT for operating costs based on budgeted direct and indirect expenses.

A reconciliation is performed quarterly to calculate the actual direct costs incurred. Any over/under accruals for direct costs are recorded on a quarterly basis and collected or billed at year end.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

Note E - Affiliated Organizations and Related Party Transactions (Continued)

The final allocation to the trusts by expense category for the year ended December 31, 2024 is as follows:

	 VERB	PACIF	Total
Salaries - allocated directly	\$ 98,890	\$ 2,204,036	\$ 2,302,926
Salaries - administration	33,430	1,251,410	1,284,840
Employee benefits - allocated directly	34,078	759,523	793,601
Employee benefits - administration	12,654	478,981	491,635
Office space	11,062	357,054	368,116
Office equipment	5,059	356,536	361,595
Communications	1,913	95,730	97,643
Printing and supplies	124	10,693	10,817
Travel and training	1,053	59,290	60,343
Officers' costs	902	43,843	44,745
Contracted services	2,027	102,288	104,315
Dues and subscriptions	1,162	55,000	56,162
Miscellaneous	1,327	56,920	58,247
Other	137	3,098	3,235
Depreciation	 1,552	 54,750	 56,302
Total trust contracts revenue	\$ 205,370	\$ 5,889,152	\$ 6,094,522

The final allocation to the trusts by expense category for the year ended December 31, 2023 is as follows:

	 VERB	PACIF	Total
Salaries - allocated directly	\$ 92,398	\$ 2,071,497	\$ 2,163,895
Salaries - administration	29,220	1,081,756	1,110,976
Employee benefits - allocated directly	31,353	702,908	734,261
Employee benefits - administration	10,792	414,174	424,966
Office space	10,849	422,211	433,060
Office equipment	5,801	292,850	298,651
Communications	1,813	93,337	95,150
Printing and supplies	136	10,606	10,742
Travel and training	721	40,955	41,676
Officers' costs	760	42,931	43,691
Contracted services	3,186	81,300	84,486
Dues and subscriptions	1,115	53,748	54,863
Miscellaneous	2,413	55,426	57,839
Other	4,668	2,898	7,566
Depreciation	 -	167,841	167,841
Total trust contracts revenue	\$ 195,225	\$ 5,534,438	\$ 5,729,663

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

Note E - Affiliated Organizations and Related Party Transactions (Continued)

VLCT's net receivable from the trusts consists of the following as of December 31, 2024:

	 /ERB		PACIF	Total
Amounts due from trusts	\$ -	\$	127,543 \$	127,543
Amounts due to trusts	 -	_	(142,069)	(142,069)
Net amounts due (to) from trusts	\$ -	\$	(14,526) \$	(14,526)

VLCT's net payable from the trusts consists of the following as of December 31, 2023:

	 VERB		PACIF		Total
Amounts due from trusts	\$ 5	\$	169,852	\$	169,857
Amounts due to trusts	 (10,855)	_	(125,440)	_	(136,295)
Net amounts due from (to) trusts	\$ (10,850)	\$	44,412	\$	33,562

VLCT has a loss prevention contract with PACIF whereby PACIF subsidizes the cost of the workshops held by VLCT and pays for VLCT's staff to assist with special projects developed in conjunction with PACIF's claims staff. Revenue recognized from this agreement amounted to \$100,00 in 2024 and in 2023.

VLCT purchases unemployment insurance for its employees through VERB. Contributions paid by VLCT to VERB for unemployment insurance amounted to \$10,980 and \$11,932 for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively, and are included in employee benefits on the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position.

Note F - Deferred Revenue

The components of deferred revenue are as follows at December 31:

		2024	2023
Deferred membership dues	\$	656,180	\$ 634,944
Deferred revenue - trusts		120,132	147,158
Deferred sponsorship		25,778	29,679
Other deferred revenue		_	824
Total deferred revenue	<u>\$</u>	802,090	\$ 812,605

Members pay dues on an annual basis with a July 1 renewal date. Member dues are recognized as revenue over the membership year to which they relate, with any unearned amounts recorded as deferred revenue. Deferred revenue is reduced as membership dues are earned throughout the year.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

Note F - Deferred Revenue (Continued)

Sponsorship revenues are recognized on a straight line basis or at a point in time based on the sponsorship agreement terms and when the performance obligations are fulfilled. Unearned amounts are recorded as deferred revenue.

Deferred revenue attributable to the trusts represents the book value of capital assets purchased by VLCT on behalf of the trusts and reimbursed to VLCT by the trusts. The value of the capital assets is classified as an asset and depreciated over the capital assets' estimated useful lives. The reimbursement from the trusts is classified as a liability (deferred revenue) and recognized as income over the same useful lives.

The components of deferred revenue attributable to the trusts are as follows at December 31:

	 2024	2023		
Deferred revenue - trusts, beginning of year	\$ 147,158	\$	119,827	
Add: reimbursement for new assets Less: current depreciation	 34,503 (61,529)		70,366 (43,035)	
Deferred revenue - trusts, end of year	\$ 120,132	\$	147,158	

Note G - Net Position

The net investment in capital assets is as follows as of December 31:

	2024	 2023
Capital assets at cost	\$ 2,405,128	\$ 2,397,920
Less: accumulated depreciation	(2,270,718)	(2,218,213)
ROU asset - leases	424,899	687,870
Lease liability	(773,584)	(1,095,608)
ROU asset - subscriptions	447,284	459,407
Subscriptions liability	(449,514)	(459,407)
Deferred revenue - trusts	 (120,132)	(147,158)
Net investment in capital assets	\$ (336,637)	\$ (375,189)

There are no restricted uses of net positions as of December 31, 2024 and 2023.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

Note H - Benefit Plans

VMERS Defined Contribution Plan

VLCT participates in the VMERS defined contribution plan (Plan DC). Plan DC requires a 5% by the employee for plan years ending June 30, 2025 and 2024, and a 6.000% and 5.125% contribution by the employer for the plan years ending June 30, 2025 and 2024. Eligible employees have the option to elect Plan DC during their first sixty days of employment. The premise of Plan DC is to allow employees to have a choice in investing their retirement assets and for such assets to be portable if the employees leave for other employment. Employees will receive the value of their account upon retirement. For the year ended December 31, 2024, covered payroll was \$503,093 and VLCT's contribution was \$30,185. For the year ended December 31, 2023, covered payroll was \$494,399 and VLCT's contribution was \$27,440. VERB and PACIF are responsible for any VMERS liabilities.

VMERS Defined Benefit Plan

Plan Description

VLCT also participates in the VMERS defined benefit plan (Plan DB). Plan DB requires a 6.375% and 6.125% contribution by the employee for plan years ending June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively, and a 7.000% and 6.750% contribution by the employer for the plan years ending June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively. Plan DB is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that is administered by the Vermont State Treasurer and its Board of Trustees. It is designed for school districts and other municipal employees. An employee of any employer that becomes affiliated with the system is eligible to participate. Any employee hired subsequent to the effective participation date of their employer who meets the minimum hourly requirements is required to join the system. Benefits available to each group are based on average final compensation (AFC) and years of creditable service.

Plan DB was established effective July 1, 1975 and is governed by Title 24, VSA Chapter 125 of the Vermont Statutes. During the plan years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, the retirement system consisted of 362 and 357 participating employers, respectively.

The general administration and responsibility for the proper operation of the System is vested in the Board of Trustees, as outlined in 24 V.S.A. § 5062. Effective July 1, 2010, the Board consists of five members: the State Treasurer, two employee representatives elected by the membership of the system, and two employer representatives--one elected by the governing bodies of participating employers of the system and one selected by the Governor from a list of four nominees. The list of four nominees is jointly submitted by the Vermont League of Cities and Towns and the Vermont School Boards Association. The Chair is elected by the Board and acts as executive officer of the Board. A Board Member of VERB is on VMERS' Board of Trustees.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

Note H - Benefit Plans (Continued)

Plan DB is divided into four membership groups:

- Group A general employees whose legislative bodies have not elected to become a member of Group B or Group C
- Groups B & C general employees whose legislative bodies have elected to become members of Group B or Group C
- Group D sworn police officers, firefighters and emergency medical personnel

VLCT participates in Group B of Plan DB only.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense reported by Plan DB have been determined using the accrual basis of accounting in conformity with GAAP as applied to governmental entities. Invested assets are reported at fair value.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

Note H - Benefit Plans (Continued)

Summary of System Provisions and Benefits

All assets are held in a single trust and are available to pay retirement benefits to all members. Benefits available to each group are based on average final compensation and years of creditable service and are summarized below:

System Provisions and Benefits	Group B
Membership	Full time employees of participating municipalities
Creditable service	Service as a member plus purchased service
Normal service retirement eligibility	Age 62 with 5 years of service, or age 55 with 30 years of service
Average Final Compensation (AFC)	Average annual compensation during highest 3 consecutive years
Benefit formula - normal service retirement	1.7% x creditable service x AFC + previous service: 1.4% x Group A service x AFC
Maximum Benefit Payable	60% of AFC
Vested	5 years of service
Early Retirement Eligibility	Age 55 with 5 years of service
Early Retirement Reduction	6% per year from age 62**
Disability Retirement Eligibility	5 years of service and disability as determined by Retirement Board
Disability Retirement Amount	Immediate allowance based on AFC and service to date of disability
Death Benefit Eligibility	Death after 5 years of service
Death Benefit Amount	Reduced early retirement allowance under 100% survivor option commencing immediately or, if greater, survivor's benefit under disability annuity computed as of date of death
Optional Benefit and Death after Retirement	Lifetime allowance or actuarially equivalent 50% or 100% joint and survivor allowance with refund of contribution guarantee
Refund of Contribution	Upon termination, if the member so elects or if no other benefit is payable, the member's accumulated contributions are refunded
Post-Retirement Adjustments	Allowances in payment for at least one year increased on each January 1 by one-half of the percentage increase in the consumer price index but not more than 3%. If receiving an Early Retirement benefit, no increases until after reaching attaining Normal Retirement eligibility. If receiving a Disability Retirement benefit, no increases until after attaining age 62.

^{**} A special early retirement factor of 3% per year only for municipal police officers who have attained age 60.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

Note H - Benefit Plans (Continued)

Members of all groups may qualify for vested deferred allowance, disability allowances and death benefit allowances subject to meeting various eligibility requirements.

The State legislature has sole authority to amend plan benefit provisions. There were no changes to benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability since the prior measurement date of June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022.

Contributions

Title 24 VSA Chapter 125 of Vermont Statutes grant the authority to the retirement board to annually review the amount of municipalities contribution recommended by the actuary of the retirement system to achieve and preserve the financial integrity of the fund and certify the rates of contributions payable by employers. The board of trustees also certifies the rates of contribution payable by employees.

For the plan year ended June 30, 2025, Plan DB requires a 6.375% contribution by the employee and a 7.000% contribution by the employer for Group B. For the plan year ended June 30, 2024, Plan DB requires a 6.125% contribution by the employee and a 6.750% contribution by the employer for Group B. Contribution rates are anticipated to increase 0.25% a year beginning June 30, 2025 through June 30, 2030, the contribution will be split evenly between the employers and employees.

GASB 68 requires participating employers in VMERS to recognize their proportionate share of the collective net pension liability, collective deferred inflows of resources, collective deferred outflows of resources and collective pension expense. The employer allocation percentages are based on the ratio of each employer's contributions to VMERS to the total employer contributions during the measurement period. Contributions from employers are recognized when due, based on statutory requirements. Actuarially determined contributions are calculated as of the first day of each plan year (i.e., July 1).

The schedule of VLCT's contributions to the plan is as follows as of and for the years ended December 31:

	2024			2023
Contractually required contributions Contributions in relation to the contractually	\$	262,067	\$	253,920
required contributions		283,255	_	255,854
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	(21,188)	\$	(1,934)
VLCT's covered payroll	\$	4,118,765	\$	3,864,717
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		6.87 %		6.62 %

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

Note H - Benefit Plans (Continued)

Net Pension Liability

As of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, VLCT reported a liability of \$2,642,541 and a pension expense of \$394,411, which is included in employee benefits, for its proportionate share of the VMERS Plan DB net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2024, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The pension expense is included as a component of employee benefits on the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position.

As of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, VLCT reported a liability of \$2,853,293 and a pension expense of \$568,994 which is included in employee benefits, for its proportionate share of the VMERS Plan DB net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The pension expense is included as a component of employee benefits on the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position.

VLCT's proportion of the net pension liability is based on a projection of VLCT's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2024, VLCT's proportion was 0.79560%, which was a decrease of 0.09524 percentage points from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2023. At June 30, 2023, VLCT's proportion was 0.89084%, which was a decrease of 0.00101 percentage points from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

As of and for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, VLCT reported its proportionate share of Plan DB's deferred outflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Sources of Deferred Outflows of Resources	 2024	2023
Difference between expected and actual economic		
experience	\$ 286,194	\$ 178,944
Changes in assumptions and other inputs	14,241	93,002
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on plan investments	 65,184	 324,620
Total allocated deferred pension amounts	365,619	596,566
Contributions paid to Plan DB subsequent to the		
measurement date	 146,670	 97,735
Total deferred pension amounts	\$ 512,289	\$ 694,301

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

Note H - Benefit Plans (Continued)

There were deferred outflows of resources related to differences between expected and actual experience of \$286,194, a change in assumptions of \$14,241 and a difference between projected and actual earnings of \$65,184 as of December 31, 2024. There were deferred inflows of resources related to the changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions of \$232,395.

The net amounts of VLCT's balances of net deferred outflows of resources as of December 31, 2024 related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows during the years ended December 31:

	Pensi	Pension Expense				
		Amount				
2025	\$	15,526				
2026		203,918				
2027		(43,465)				
2028		(42,755)				
Total	\$	133,224				

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The total pension liability for the June 30, 2024 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023 with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2024.

The total pension liability for the June 30, 2023 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022 with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2023.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

Note H - Benefit Plans (Continued)

The significant assumptions and methods used in the actuarial valuation for the June 30, 2024 measurement period are as follows:

Investment rate of return: 7.00%

Salary increases: Varying service-based rates ranging from 4.07% to 6.21%.

Salary increases include an assumed inflation rate of

2.30%.

Deaths: PubG-2010 General Healthy Retiree Amount-Weighted

Below Median Table with credibility adjustments of 90% and 87% for the Male and Female tables, respectively, with generational projection using scale MP-2021.

Actuarial cost method: Entry age actuarial cost method

Cost-of-living adjustments to

benefits of terminated vested and

retired participants:

Assumed to occur at the rate of 1.20% per annum.

Inflation: 2.30%

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

Note H - Benefit Plans (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These returns are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. The target allocation and projected arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, after deducting inflation, but before investment expenses, used in the derivation of the long-term expected investment rate of return assumption are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Passive Global Equities	32.00 %	5.25 %
Private Equity	11.00 %	7.45 %
Private and Alternate Credit	11.00 %	5.70 %
Non-Core Real Estate	4.00 %	5.70 %
Core Fixed Income	19.00 %	1.70 %
Core Real Estate	3.00 %	3.45 %
US TIPS	2.00 %	1.70 %
Infrastructure Farmland	2.00 %	3.95 %
Private Core Infrastructure	4.00 %	4.95 %
US Equity - Large/Med Cap	4.00 %	4.20 %
US Equity - Small Cap	3.00 %	4.70 %
Non US Developed US Equities	5.00 %	5.95 %
Total	100.00 %	

The expected long-term real rates of return for these asset classes are calculated as the long-term nominal rates of return minus the expected long-term inflation rate of 2.3%.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

Note H - Benefit Plans (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability as of June 30, 2024 and 2023 was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed plan member contributions will be made at the rates set by the Board (employers) and statute (members). For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's FNP was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as June 30, 2024. At the May 2024 Board meeting, the Board voted unanimously to authorize employer contribution rate increases of 0.25% each year for a period of four years, beginning July 1, 2026. Also in May 2024, the Legislature passed H.883, which included an increase in the member rate of 0.25% for each group for four years, beginning July 1, 2026.

In accordance with paragraph 29 of GASB 68, professional judgment was applied to determine that the System's projected fiduciary net position exceeds projected benefit payments for current active and inactive members for all years. The actuarially determined contribution rate is comprised of an employer normal cost payment and a payment to reduce the unfunded liability to zero by June 30, 2038. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents VLCT's proportionate share of the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 7.0%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.0%) or one percentage point higher (8.0%) than the current rate at June 30, 2024:

		1% Rate	Cι	ırrent Discount	1% Rate
	Decrease (6.0%)			Rate (7.0%)	Increase (8.0%)
VLCT's Proportionate Share of the					
Net Pension Liability:	\$	4,040,058	\$	2,642,541	\$ 1,495,495

Additional Information

Additional information regarding VMERS is available upon request from the State of Vermont Office of the State Treasurer or on VMERS' website at:

http://www.vermonttreasurer.gov/vmers

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

Note H - Benefit Plans (Continued)

VMERS does not issue stand-alone financial reports, and Plan DB is instead included as a fiduciary fund in the State of Vermont's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR). Plan DB's fiduciary net position has been determined on the same basis of accounting as it is reported by Plan DB. Detailed information about Plan DB's fiduciary net position is available in the ACFR, which can be viewed on the State's Department of Finance & Management website at:

https://auditor.vermont.gov/reports/audit/financial

ICMA Plans:

VLCT does not participate in the social security program, instead offering employees a defined contribution plan through the ICMA Retirement Corporation in accordance with IRS Revenue Code Section 401(a). The ICMA plan requires a 4.5% contribution by the employee and a 7.1% contribution by VLCT. For the year ended 2024, covered payroll under this plan was \$4,581,916 and VLCT's contribution was \$325,315. For the year ended December 31, 2023, covered payroll under this plan was \$4,310,551 and VLCT's contribution was \$306,050.

VLCT also offers a voluntary deferred compensation plan through the ICMA Retirement Corporation in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or an unforeseeable emergency.

Note I - Subscription Assets

As of October 1, 2020, VLCT entered into a subscription based information technology arrangement (SBITA) with a vendor for its cloud based software for managed IT. The liability is discounted at 3%. In 2022, the contract was renegotiated and set to expire on September 30, 2025 including the option to renew for one year. The liability is discounted at 4.5%. The liability also includes two other small cloud base software, which includes one that was signed but is not effective until January 1, 2025. VLCT adopted GASB 96 beginning January 1, 2022. For the years ended December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, VLCT reported a SBITA right-to-use intangible asset of \$447,284 and \$459,407 and a SBITA liability in the amount of \$449,513 and \$459,407, respectively.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

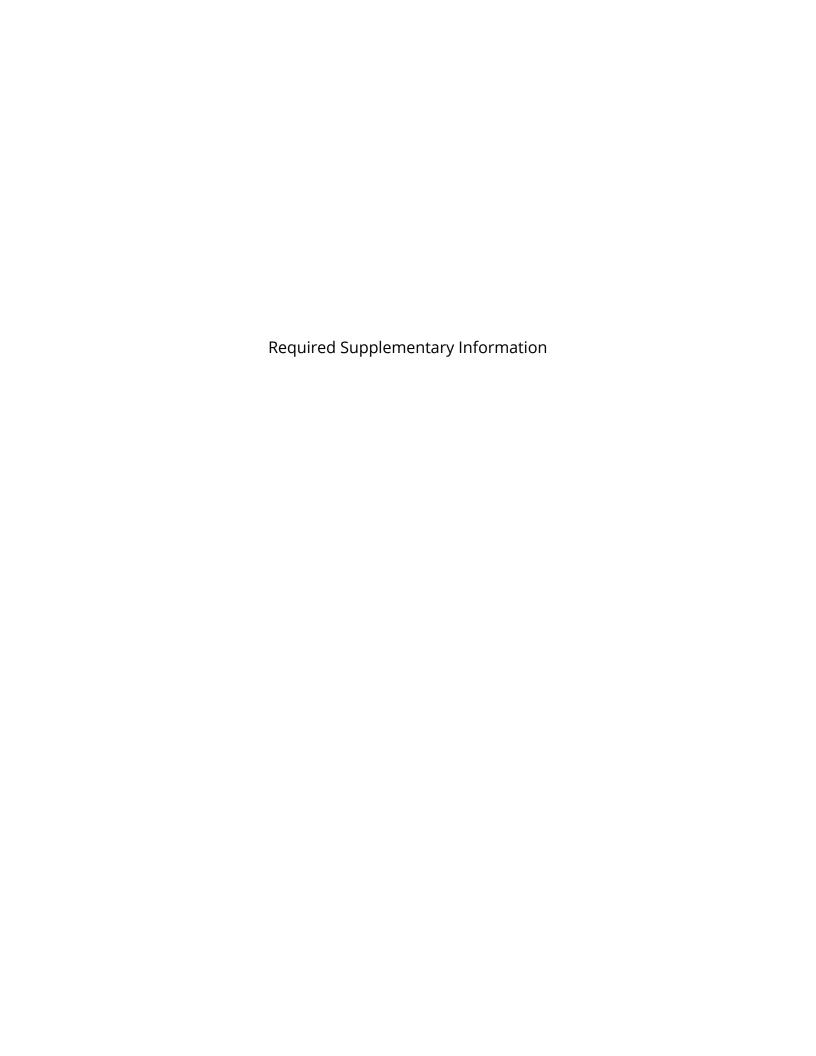
Note I - Subscription Assets (Continued)

VLCT's future minimum subscription payments, principal, and interest as of December 31, 2024 are as follows:

	N Su				
	<u>P</u>	ayments	Principal	<u>Interest</u>	
Years ending December 31:					
2025	\$	251,738	\$ 236,232	\$	22,777
2026		211,600	208,542		3,058
2027		4,792	 4,740		51
	\$	468,130	\$ 449,514	\$	25,886

VLCT's subscription asset and related accumulated amortization as of December 31, 2024 are as follows:

	2024			2023	
Subscription asset	\$	806,319	\$	1,247,043	
Accumulated amortization		(359,035)		(787,636)	
Net subscription asset	\$	447,284	\$	459,407	



Schedule of Employer Pension Information (Unaudited)

The following unaudited schedule presents VLCT's proportionate share of the Plan's net pension liability and related ratios for multiple years.

						Proportionate	
	% Proportionate	Pr	oportionate			share of the	Plan's fiduciary
	share of the	S	hare of the			collective net	net position
Plan	collective net	C	ollective net			pension liability	as a % of total
years ended	pension		pension	Covered		as a % of	pension
June 30,	liability		liability	payroll	_	covered payroll	liability
2017	1.1104%	\$	1,345,333	\$ 3,222,390		41.75%	83.64%
2018	1.0453%	\$	1,470,811	\$ 3,484,249		42.21%	82.60%
2019	1.0117%	\$	1,764,044	\$ 3,436,492		51.33%	80.35%
2020	0.9634%	\$	2,437,159	\$ 3,472,503		70.18%	74.52%
2021	0.9580%	\$	1,409,947	\$ 3,524,558		40.00%	86.29%
2022	0.8919%	\$	2,705,624	\$ 3,634,185		74.45%	73.60%
2023	0.8908%	\$	2,853,293	\$ 3,794,566		74.45%	74.01%
2024	0.7956%	\$	2,642,541	\$ 3,991,741		66.20%	75.22%

The following unaudited schedule presents VLCT's employer contributions to the Plan and related ratios for multiple years.

								Actual
								contribution
Fiscal	Α	ctuarially			C	ontribution		as a % of
years ended	d€	etermined		Actual	(deficiency	Covered	covered
December 31,	СО	ntribution	СО	ntribution	(excess)		payroll	payroll
2017	\$	181,342	\$	177,231	\$	4,111	\$ 3,222,390	5.50%
2018	\$	181,132	\$	193,863	\$	(12,731)	\$ 3,484,249	5.56%
2019	\$	195,360	\$	192,741	\$	2,619	\$ 3,388,735	5.69%
2020	\$	199,669	\$	207,078	\$	(7,409)	\$ 3,525,162	5.87%
2021	\$	212,984	\$	217,002	\$	(4,018)	\$ 3,543,954	4.77%
2022	\$	223,139	\$	237,538	\$	(14,399)	\$ 3,724,416	5.59%
2023	\$	253,920	\$	255,854	\$	(1,934)	\$ 3,864,717	5.59%
2024	\$	262,067	\$	283,255	\$	(21,188)	\$ 4,118,765	6.88%



Statement of Revenues and Expenses - Budgetary Basis (Unaudited)

	Budget		 Actual	Over/(Under) <u>Budget</u>	
Revenues					
Dues Regular members Associate members	\$	1,132,809 156,325	\$ 1,132,809 157,211	\$	- 886_
Total dues		1,289,134	1,290,020		886
Services Town fair Sponsorships Publications Workshops Professional services Newsletter advertising Total services		144,570 - 4,000 33,000 83,870 8,000 273,440	32,711 130,306 1,558 19,515 20,406 4,565 209,061		(111,859) 130,306 (2,442) (13,485) (63,464) (3,435)
Administrative services Commission income Administrative contracts Grant		98,800 - 191,250	 122,270 2,000 397,068		23,470 2,000 205,818
Total administrative services Trust reimbursements Trust contracts PACIF loss prevention contract		290,050 6,166,734 100,000	521,338 6,094,522 100,000		231,288 (72,212) -
Equipment revenue from trusts Total trust reimbursements		56,464 6,323,198	 56,016 6,250,538		(448) (72,660)
Other revenues		111,250	127,866		16,616
Investment income		64,000	 117,186		53,186
Total Revenues	\$	8,351,072	\$ 8,516,009	\$	164,937

^{**} Some accounts have been reclassified in the audited financial statements for presentation purposes.

Statement of Revenues and Expenses - Budgetary Basis (Unaudited) (Continued)

	 Budget	Actual	Ove	r/(Under) Budget
Expenses				
Salaries				
Salaries	\$ 4,773,734	\$ 4,810,732	\$	36,998
Temp services	1,000	-		(1,000)
Payroll taxes	 69,219	 78,550		9,331
Total salaries	4,843,953	4,889,282		45,329
Employee benefits				
VMERS Plan DB	288,747	394,411		105,664
VMERS Plan DC	30,314	30,185		(129)
401(a) employer contributions	334,069	325,315		(8,754)
Health insurance	1,015,756	993,148		(22,608)
Long-term care insurance	8,972	-		(8,972)
Dental insurance	23,406	22,160		(1,246)
Life and disability insurance	39,245	38,227		(1,018)
Unemployment insurance	12,360	10,980		(1,380)
Employee assistance	1,100	1,080		(20)
Benefit plan administration	 795	 (994)		(1,789)
Total employee benefits	1,754,764	1,814,512		59,748
Office expenses				
Office space - other	456,276	169,859		(286,417)
Office space - interest	-	92,893		92,893
Amortization expense - office	-	229,290		229,290
Property taxes	 23,000	26,607		3,607
Total office expenses	479,276	518,649		39,373
Equipment expenses				
Equipment maintenance/lease	3,490	3,078		(412)
Non-capital equipment purchases	21,858	26,587		4,729
Copier contracts	1,200	2,245		1,045
Software purchases	8,317	1,586		(6,731)
Software maintenance	425,765	73,190		(352,575)
Amortization expense -				
subscription	-	255,626		255,626
Subscription - interest	 	3,356		3,356
Total equipment expenses	460,630	365,668		(94,962)

Statement of Revenues and Expenses - Budgetary Basis (Unaudited) (Continued)

_	Budget	Actual	Over/(Under) <u>Budget</u>
Expenses			
Communications			
Postage	30,000	21,420	(8,580)
Postage meter rental	1,000	1,812	812
Job printing	48,825	36,513	(12,312)
Telecommunications	43,180	46,149	2,969
Total communications	123,005	105,894	(17,111)
Printing and supplies			
Paper purchases	3,000	377	(2,623)
Supplies	5,000	2,747	(2,253)
Program supplies	3,500	260	(3,240)
Building supplies	2,000	531	(1,469)
Coffee/water supplies _	780	1,314	534
Total printing and supplies	14,280	5,229	(9,051)
Travel and training			
Vehicle expense	21,350	11,941	(9,409)
Staff travel/training	72,865	40,945	(31,920)
Member outreach	10,450	11,429	979
Total travel and training	104,665	64,315	(40,350)
Officers' expenses			
Board costs	55,200	31,661	(23,539)
President's stipend	1,800	1,800	
Total officers' expenses	57,000	33,461	(23,539)
Contracted services			
Auditing and accounting	32,500	55,294	22,794
Bank services	21,885	21,828	(57)
Legal services	2,500	3,068	568
Consultants	128,000	34,820	(93,180)
Recruiting _	26,000	11,178	(14,822)
Total contracted services	210,885	126,188	(84,697)
Dues and subscriptions			
National League of Cities	18,809	18,529	(280)
Professional associations	65,585	59,921	(5,664)
Total dues and subscriptions	84,394	78,450	(5,944)
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Statement of Revenues and Expenses - Budgetary Basis (Unaudited) (Continued)

	Budget	Actual	Over/(Under) Budget
Expenses			
Services			
Town fair	74,200	72,218	(1,982)
Workshops	10,400	3,100	(7,300)
Administrative	11,250	18,770	7,520
Total services	95,850	94,088	(1,762)
Miscellaneous			
Miscellaneous	3,200	5,633	2,433
Depreciation expense - other	71,722	74,287	2,565
Total miscellaneous	74,922	79,920	4,998
Total Expenses	8,303,624	8,175,656	(127,968)
Change in Net Position	\$ 47,448	\$ 340,353	\$ 292,905

^{**} Some accounts have been reclassified in the audited financial statements for presentation purposes.